Claims

1	1. A computerized method of video analysis, the method comprising:
2	receiving image data for a plurality of video frames depicting a scene that includes at
3	least one of a plurality of background features, wherein (i) each of the video frames comprises a
4	plurality of image regions and (ii) at least one video frame has an object within at least one
5	image region;
6	providing a plurality of background classifications each corresponding to one of the
7	background features in the scene; and
8	assigning one of the background classifications to at least one of the image regions based
9	at least in part on a location of the object relative to the image regions.
1	2. The method of claim 1 wherein one of the background classifications is a floor.
1	3. The method of claim 1 wherein the assigning of a background classification to an image
2	region further comprises comparing a value associated with the image region to a floor threshold.
1	4. The method of claim 1 wherein one of the background classifications is an obstruction.
1	5. The method claim 1 wherein the assigning of a background classification to an image region
2	further comprises:
3	comparing a value associated with the image region to a floor threshold; and
4	comparing a value associated with the image region to an obstruction threshold.
1	6. The method of claim 1 wherein one of the background classifications is a portal.
1	7. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
2	determining for each video frame whether an object has newly appeared in such video
3	frame; and
4	determining the image regions in which the newly appeared objects are present.

- 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the assigning of a background classification to an image
- 2 region further comprises counting the number of newly appeared objects that first appeared in
- 3 the image region.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
- determining for each video frame whether an object has newly disappeared in such video
- 3 frame; and
- 4 determining the image regions in which the newly disappeared objects were last present
- 5 in a previous video frame.
- 1 10. The method of claim 9 wherein the assigning of a background classification to an image
- 2 region further comprises counting the number of disappeared objects that disappeared from the
- 3 image region.
- 1 11. The method of claim 1 further comprising determining whether to track the object based at
- 2 least in part on the background classification assigned to at least one of the image regions of the
- 3 video frame.
- 1 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the object further comprises a boundary, the method further
- 2 comprising the step of determining at least one boundary region that includes the boundary of the
- 3 object.
- 1 13. The method of claim 1 wherein the object further comprises a boundary, the method further
- 2 comprising the step of determining at least one boundary region that includes at least one of the
- 3 top, bottom, and side boundaries of the object.
- 1 14. The method of claim 13 further comprising determining whether to track the object based at
- 2 least in part on the image regions in which the at least one boundary region is included relative to

- 3 the background classification assigned to at least one of (i) such image regions and (ii) another
- 4 image region in the video frame.
- 1 15. The method of claim 1 further comprising determining whether to track the object based at
- 2 least in part on the size of the object.
- 1 16. The method of claim 1 further comprising determining whether to track the object based at
- 2 least in part on (i) the size of the object and (ii) the image regions in which the object is present
- 3 relative to the background classification assigned to at least one of (a) such image regions and (b)
- 4 another image region.
- 1 17. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
- 2 selecting one of the video frames that has an object; and
- determining whether the object appears in one of the other video frames based at least in
- 4 part on the background classification assigned to one of the image regions.
- 1 18. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
- 2 selecting one of the video frames that has an object; and
- determining whether the object appears in one of the other video frames at one of an
- 4 earlier and later time based on the background classification assigned to one of the image
- 5 regions.
- 1 19. A computerized method of video analysis, the method comprising:
- 2 receiving image data for a plurality of video frames depicting a scene, wherein at least
- 3 one video frame has an object within such frame; and
- 4 determining a vanishing point for such frame based at least in part on one or more
- 5 characteristics of the object and the vanishing point of other frames.

- 1 20. The method of claim 19 further comprising determining the vertical vanishing point for such
- 2 frame based at least in part on one or more characteristics of the object and the vertical vanishing
- 3 point of other frames.
- 1 21. The method of claim 20 wherein the determining of the vertical vanishing point is further
- 2 based at least on one of a major axis of the object and a centroid of the object.
- 1 22. The method of claim 19, wherein (i) the object further comprises a boundary and (ii) the
- 2 boundary further comprises plurality of pixels, the method further comprising selecting at least
- 3 one the pixels of the boundary based at least in part on the vanishing point of the frame.
- 1 23. The method of claim 21 wherein (i) the object further comprises a boundary, the boundary
- 2 having a bottom, and (ii) the boundary further comprises plurality of pixels, the method further
- 3 comprising selecting at least one pixel that corresponds to the boundary bottom based at least in
- 4 part on the vertical vanishing point of the frame.
- 1 24. A computerized method for video analysis, the method comprising:
- 2 receiving image data for a plurality of video frames depicting a scene that includes at
- 3 least one of a plurality of background features, wherein (i) each of the video frames comprises a
- 4 plurality of image regions, and (ii) at least one video frame has an object within at least one
- 5 image region, the object having a lower boundary;
- 6 providing a plurality of background classifications each corresponding to one of the
- 7 background features in the scene;
- 8 determining a vertical vanishing point for the at least one frame in which there is an
- 9 object based at least in part on one or more characteristics of such object and based on the
- vertical vanishing point of other frames;
- determining the lower boundary of the object;

- assigning one of the background classifications to at least one image region based at least
- in part on the location of the lower boundary of the object in the frame relative to the image
- 14 region.
- 1 25. The method of claim 24 further comprising counting the number of frames in which a lower
- 2 boundary of an object is present in each image region.
- 1 26. The method of claim 25 further comprising counting the number of frames in which an
- 2 object is present in each image region.
- 1 27. The method of claim 26 wherein the assigning of one of the background classifications to at
- 2 least one image region further comprises comparing the number of frames in which a lower
- 3 boundary of an object is present in the image region to a floor threshold.
- 1 28. The method of claim 27 wherein the assigning of one of the background classifications to at
- 2 least one image region further comprises comparing the number of frames in which an object is
- 3 present in the image region to an obstruction threshold.
- 1 29. A video analysis system comprising:
- 2 means for receiving image data for a plurality of video frames depicting a scene that
- 3 includes at least one of a plurality of background features, wherein (i) each of the video frames
- 4 comprises a plurality of image regions and (ii) at least one video frame has an object within at
- 5 least one image region;
- 6 means for providing a plurality of background classifications each corresponding to one
- 7 of the background features in the scene; and
- 8 means for assigning one of the background classifications to at least one of the image
- 9 regions based at least in part on a location of the object relative to the image regions.
- 1 30. A video analysis system comprising:

- 2 means for receiving image data for a plurality of video frames depicting a scene, wherein
- 3 at least one video frame has an object within such frame; and
- 4 means for determining a vanishing point for such frame based at least in part on one or
- 5 more characteristics of the object and the vanishing point of other frames.